QUESTION BANK

1. The countries who engaged in cold war were-----
   a) USA-Japan  b) USA-USSR
   c) US-Britain  d) Italy-Germany

2. The cold war ended with the dissolution of ----- 
   a) Germany  b) USA  c) UK  d) USSR

3. The period of cold war was in between-----
   a) 1945 - 1949  b) 1945 - 1991
   c) 1918 - 1949  d) 1962 – 1990

4. The year of Cuban missile crisis was-----
   a) 1945  b) 1953  c) 1962  d) 1973

5. Who used the term ‘cold war’ for the first time?
   a) Bernard Baruch  b) Winston Churchill
   c) Walter Lippman  d) George Orwell
6. Cold war was-----
   a) an open war   b) an ideological war
   c) a nuclear war d) war with modern weapons

7. Which nation supplied the ‘Mujahadeens’ of Afghanistan with weapons?
   a) USR   b) USA   c) China   d) Pakistan

8. The word’ Detente’ means-----
   a) stoppage of war   b) tie between nations
   c) relaxation of tension d) intensive war

9. Manhattan project is related with-----
   a) Missiles   b) Atom-bombs
   c) Hiroshima issue d) Afghan invasion

10. Arms race is a feature of ------
    a) 1st world war   b) 2nd world war
    c) cold war d) India-China war

11. ICBM stands for-----
    a) International Continental Ballistic Missile
    b) Inter Ceptal Ballistic Missile
    c) International Controlling Ballistic Missile
    d) Inter Continental Ballistic Missile

12. The bombard in Nagasaki took place on-----
    a) 6th August 1945   b) 9th August 1945
    c) 6th May 1949 d) 9th October 1945

13. Militarisation of space is otherwise known as-----
    a) Military space programme   b) Star wars programme
    c) Military war programme d) US space programme

14. The term Non-alignment itself was coined by-----
    a) Nehru   b) Chou Enlai
    c) Kenneth Kaunda d) Nasser

15. Perestroika and Glasnost was the reforms put forward by-----
    a) Gorbachev   b) George Bush
    c) Reagan d) Kennedy

16. The star wars programme was the idea of -----  
    a) Reagan  b) Clinton
    c) Kennedy d) Nixon

17. Glasnost means-------
    a) Restructure   b) Repetition
    c) Openness d) Overproduction

18. In which conference NAM took its birth?
19. ‘To keep away from the power blocks’ are the idea of ------
a) NAM  
b) ASEAN  
c) UN  
d) SAARC

20. 16th NAM summit took place in-------
a) London  
b) Singapore  
c) Tehran  
d) Brunei

21. Universal Declaration of Human Rights was adopted in the year?
a) 1924  
b) 1948  
c) 1945  
d) 1991

22. The world Human Rights day is-----
a) December 10  
b) November 26  
c) October 29  
d) September 5

23. The country which hosted the CHOGUM summit 2011 is-----
a) India  
b) Sri Lanka  
c) Singapore  
d) Perth

24. Who got the Nobel Prize for peace in 2012?
a) ASEAN  
b) EU  
c) SAARC  
d) Obama

25. Which international organization formed with Maastricht Treaty?
a) EU  
b) UN  
c) ASEAN  
d) SAARC

26. The Head Quarters of EU at----
a) Beijing  
b) Belgium  
c) Brazil  
d) Bahrain

27. The idea of SAARC was put forward by ------
a) Nehru  
b) Zia-Ur-Rahman  
c) Zulfikar Ali Bhutto  
d) Khaleda Zia

28. GATT was signed in Geneva in the year of-----
a) 1947  
b) 1945  
c) 1948  
d) 1946

29. Name of the conference in which it is decided to transform GATT itself into a new world trade body called WTO is --------
a) Uruguay Round  
b) Doha Round  
c) Singapore Round  
d) US Round

30. IMF was established in the year of-------
a) 1924  
b) 1944  
c) 1945  
d) 1948

31. Which was the last of 8 members to the SAARC?
a) India  
b) Myanmar  
c) Afghanistan  
d) Pakistan

32. Which treaty allows only underground test of nuclear weapons?
a) NPT  
b) LTBT  
c) NTBT  
d) BWC
33. Which of the following countries are the signatories of Simla agreement in 1972?
   a) India-china  
   b) India-Pakistan  
   c) India-Bangladesh  
   d) Pakistan-Bangladesh

34. UNEP stands for-----
   a) United Nations Economic Program  
   b) United Nation’s Earth Program  
   c) United Nation’s Environment Program  
   d) United Nation’s Education Program

35. Among the following which was aimed to prevention of further depletion of ozone layer----
   a) Izmir treaty  
   b) Montréal protocol  
   c) outer space treaty  
   d) Antarctic treaty

36. The name of US president who has signed SALT 1 is --------
   a) Nixon  
   b) Jimmy carter  
   c) Bill Clinton  
   d) Kennedy

37. Among the following which is not a part of World Bank System?
   a) IBRD  
   b) IDA  
   c) IMF  
   d) MIGA

38. Which of the following is known as Britton wood twins?
   a) WB&IMF  
   b) WB&WTO  
   c) IMF&IDA  
   d) IMF&MIGA

39. The number of permanent members to UN Security Council is ----- 
   a) 5  
   b) 15  
   c) 10  
   d) 20

40. The UN was came into existence on -----------
   a) 24th October 1924  
   b) 12th October 1924  
   c) 24th October 1945  
   d) 12th October 1945

41. Which American president introduced the Guam Doctrine?
   a) Richard Nixon  
   b) Johnson  
   c) Kennedy  
   d) Eisenhower

42. The purpose of Guam doctrine was to------
   a) resolve Vietnam issue  
   b) solve Cuban issue  
   c) solve Berlin issue  
   d) defeat USSR

43. The boundary line between north and South Korea is ------
   a) MC Mahon line  
   b) 49th parallel line  
   c) 38th parallel line  
   d) Maginot line

44. The boundary line between India & china is --------
   a) Durand line  
   b) Radcliff  
   c) Mc Mahon  
   d) Maginot line
45. America’s foreign policy of providing economic and military aid to Greece and Turkey who were threatened by communism is known as ---
   a) Marshall plan
   b) Truman doctrine
   c) Camp David accord
   d) European recovery program

46. The American program to aid Europe where the US gave monitory support to help and rebuild European economies after the end of world war 2nd in order to prevent the spread of soviet communism is -------
   a) Marshall plan
   b) Truman doctrine
   c) Monroe doctrine
   d) Eisenhower

47. The period of Korean War was in between______
   a) 1950-53
   b) 1953-56
   c) 1945-53
   d) 1948-1950

48. The nationalization of Suez Canal was in the year of ____
   a) 1950
   b) 1953
   c) 1956
   d) 1958

49. The Egyptian ruler who nationalized Suez Canal is _____
   a) Gamal Abdul Nasser
   b) Titto
   c) ElBaradei
   d) Mohammed Murzi

50. What is the short name for the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development?
   a) Rio+20
   b) G-20
   c) UNEP
   d) Sustainable development program

51. The recent Rio+20 summit was held in ______
   a) Brazil
   b) Chile
   c) Mexico
   d) Indonesia

52. _____ aims to meet the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.
   a) Preservation
   b) Environment protection
   c) Sustainable development
   d) Eco-social development

53. Agenda 21 is a non-binding voluntarily implemented action plan of the UN with regards to ______
   a) Human Rights
   b) Nuclear energy
   c) Sustainable Development
   d) Pollution

54. Rio+20 is also known as _____
   a) Energy summit
   b) Summit on HR
   c) Pollution reduction summit
   d) Earth summit

55. The first Earth summit was held in the year ____
   a) 1978
   b) 1976
   c) 1992
   d) 2012

56. The international institution which co-ordinates United Nations environment activities is ______
   a) UNEP
   b) UNDP
   c) UNESCO
   d) ECOSOC
57. Stockholm Convention is an environment treaty on ______
   a) Chemical weapons  b) Chemical fertilizers
   c) Persistent organic pollutants  d) both a & b

58. In 2011 Endosulfan was added to the persistent chemicals list which was prepared at ______
   a) Rio+20  b) Stockholm convention
   c) UNEP  d) ASEAN

59. A global militant Islamist organization founded by Osama Bin Laden is _____
   a) Lashkar e Thaiba  b) Al Qaeda
   c) Taliban  d) Jihad

60. The code name for the United States CIA program to arm and finance Afghan Mujahideen during the Soviet war in Afghanistan is ______
   a) Operation X  b) Operation thunder
   c) Operation Cyclone  d) Geronimo EKIA

61. The mutual defense treaty between 8 communist states of eastern Europe in existence during cold war was ______
   a) NATO  b) WARSAW PACT
   c) SEATO  d) CENTO

62. The Warsaw Pact which was established in the year of 1955 was disestablished in the year of ______
   a) 1962  b) 1990  c) 1991  d) 1998

63. The headquarters of NATO is at ______
   a) Brussels  b) Germany  c) Italy  d) USA

64. NATO was established in the year of ______
   a) 1949  b) 1948  c) 1945  d) 1955

65. Which was the convention on the control of transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and their disposal?
   a) Geneva  b) Stockholm  c) Basel  d) Paris

66. “One for all and all for one” is the watch word of ______
   a) Collective security  b) UNO
   c) Disarmament  d) Amnesty

67. Among the following which nation has ratified NPT which opened in the year of 1968?
   a) India  b) China  c) Pakistan  d) Israel

68. Which country ratified NPT and later withdrew from it in the year of 2003 following US allegations?
   a) North Korea  b) South Korea  c) China  d) Israel
69. The US counterpart to Man Mohan Singh at the time of signing 123 Agreement was ________
   a) Bill Clinton  b) George Bush  d) Obama  e) Hilary

70. In BRICS C stands for ____
   a) Canada  b) China  c) Chile  d) Cuba

71. The fourth BRICS summit venue was______
   a) Sanya  b) Brasilia  c) New-Delhi  d) Durban

72. The non member state in IBSA is which among the following
   a) Australia  b) South Africa  c) India  d) Brazil

73. The new capital of Sri Lanka is ______
   a) Colombo  b) Sri Jayavardenapura Kotte
   c) Jaffna  d) Mullatheve

74. The present president of World Bank is ____
   a) Robert Zollick  b) Paul Wolfowitz
   c) Ban Ki moon  d) Jim Yong Kim

75. El Nino is a term related with _____
   a) Storm  b) Climate pattern
   c) Code of nuclear explosion  d) A glacier

76. The legislature of China is known as ______
   a) Congress  b) National Peoples Congress
   c) Majlis  d) National Assembly

77. Mossad is the secret agency of ______
   a) Iran  b) Israel  c) China  d) Russia

78. Which among the following factors contribute to global warming?
   a) De-forestation  b) Green house gases
   c) Burning of fossil fuels  d) All of the above

79. Which is a green house gas among the following?
   a) Carbon dioxide  b) Methane
   c) Nitrous oxide  d) All of the above

80. The Iraqi leader who was captured and killed by US in 2006?
   a) Ahmed Hassan Al baker  b) Saddam Hussein
   c) Jalal Thalabani  d) Abdul Rahman Arif

81. The present president of Afghanistan is ____
   a) Hamid Karzai  b) Burhanuddin Rabbani
   c) Asif Ali Sardari  d) Mulla Mohammed Omar
82. Which organ of UN known as world parliament?
   a) Security council  b) Secretariat  
   c) General assembly  d) ECOSOC

83. The International Court of Justice is located in ____
   a) Holland  b) Spain  c) New York  d) Hague

84. The number of official languages in UN is ____
   a) 2  b) 5  c) 6  d) 8

85. The first Asian secretary general of UN was ____
   a) Ban-Ki-moon  b) Trigve Lie  c) U Thant  d) Kofi Annan

86. The state that attained “non-member observer state” position in UN is ____
   a) Iran  b) Israel  c) Palestine  d) Afghanistan

87. The first secretary general of UN was ____
   a) U Thant  b) Trigve Lie  c) Dag Hammerskjold  d) Harry S Truman

88. The head quarters of UN is situated at ____

89. The head quarters of UNESCO is situated at ____

90. Global warming could affect ____
   a) Climate  b) Food production  c) Melting of glaciers  d) all of the above

91. The primary cause of acid rain around the world is ____
   a) Carbon dioxide  b) Sulfur dioxide  c) Carbon monoxide  d) Ozone

92. Ozone layer is present in ____
   a) Troposphere  b) Stratosphere  c) Mesosphere  d) Thermosphere

93. HIV is not likely to be transmitted by which of the following?
   a) Sharing needles or injection equipment  b) Breast-feeding  
   c) Blood transfusion  d) Mosquito bites

94. Cartagena Protocol which was adopted in the year of 2000 is on ____
   a) Toxic pesticides  b) Biological diversity  c) To eliminate pops  
   d) Law of the sea

95. In which war Agent Orange was used as a herbicide by USA?
96. Identify the nonrenewable source of energy from the following.
   a) Coal  b) Fuel Cells  c) Wind power  d) Wave power

97. The dodo was extinct due to _________
   a) Pollution  b) Invasion of non-native species  c) Over exploitation of resources  d) Global environment change

98. Among the following which convention is related to wetlands?
   a) Basel convention  b) Cartagena convention  c) Ramsar convention  d) Geneva

99. Which institution deals with day to day operations of UN?
   a) General assembly  b) Trusteeship council  c) Secretariat  d) Security council

100. Which organ consists of all the member states of UN?
    a) Secretariat  b) General assembly  c) Security council  d) International court of justice.

101. Which of the following countries returned to the democracy over the last two decades?
    a) Peru  b) Chile  c) Nicaragua  d) Both Chile and Nicaragua

102. Since the late 1980’s, many countries have:
    a). Embraced market-driven economies
    b). Become more populist.
    c). Closed their borders to foreigners.
    d). Filed complaints with the GATT.

103. Which of the following is a form of economic integration in which all tariffs between members are eliminated and a common trade policy toward non-member countries is established?
    a) NAFTA  b) EU  c) ASEAN  d) None of the above

104. Which of the following is an example of an economic union?
    a) NAFTA  b) EU  c) ASEAN  d) None of the above

105. Which of the following is an example of a political union?
    a) The United States  b) NATO  c) NAFTA  d) The EU

106. Which of the following is a characteristic of multinational enterprises?
    a) At least half its directors are foreign nationals
b). The company does at least 30 percent of its business in foreign markets.
c). The overseas market is larger than the domestic market.
d). The affiliates are responsive to a number of important environmental forces.

107. Which of the following is a definition of multinational enterprises?
   a). A company operating in emerging economies.
   b). A company headquartered in one country but having operations in other countries.
   c). A company employing foreign nationals.
   d). None of the above.

108. An outsourcer:
   a). Is always located in a foreign country
   b). only produces standardized parts
   c). Generates its revenue by producing for another company.
   d). Provides recycling capabilities to the organization.

109. Which of the following is an EU MNE?

110. The United Nations has identified ________ MNEs.
   a). 500  b). 100,000  c). 85,000  d). 60,000

111. Which of the following firms saw an increase in the number of its foreign affiliates between 1970 and 2000?

112. Typically, the last step in the internationalization process is:
   a). the sales subsidiary  b). portfolio investment
   c). licensing  d). FDI.

113. Which of the following is the best example of a multinational enterprise?
   a). A large pharmaceutical company
   b). A local health company
   c). The US post office
   d). A British rail company.

114. Which of the following is not a characteristic of an MNE?
   a). It always draws on a common pool of resources
   b). It is responsive to a number of environmental forces in its home and host country
   c). It links together affiliates and business partners under a common strategic vision
   d). It always starts its internationalization process through licensing.

115. The OECD stands for:
   a). Organization for Environmental Coordination and Discussion.
b). Organization for Economic Coordination and Discussion.
c). Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.
d). Organization for Environmental Cooperation and Development.

116. Over _____ of the world’s largest 500 MNEs are headquartered in North America, the EU, and Japan/Asia.
   a). 100  
   b). 200  
   c). 300  
   d). 400

117. Which of the following countries has the largest number of MNEs in the list of the world’s largest firms?
   a). US  
   b). EU  
   c). Britain  
   d) Japan

118. _____ is the first step in the typical internationalization process.
   a). Sales subsidiary  
   b). Export through distributor  
   c). License  
   d). FDI

119. Which of the following is a reason why MNEs become multinationals?
   a). Coordination.  
   b). Diversification.  
   c). Capitalization.  
   d). None of the above.

120. For which of the following reasons might MNEs enter the Indian market?
   a). The country is a rapidly growing market which offers lucrative possibilities.
   b). There is a quality workforce that can be tapped and used throughout the organization.
   c). Their major competitor has already moved operations there.
   d). All of the above.

121. Wal-Mart is in essence:
   a). global company spanning the world.
   b). a regional company spanning North America.
   c). more dependent on its foreign operations than its domestic operations.
   d). both the first and third answers.

122. In 2005, the number of members of ______ increased from 15 to 25.
   a).The EU  
   b). ASEAN  
   c). NAFTA  
   d). APEC

123. Which of the following statements is true about FDI?
   a). It entails the purchase of financial securities.
   b). It is mainly intra-regional.
   c). It is mainly used to access markets in other continents, where exports cannot be easily transported.
   d). None of the above.

124. Which of the following are sources of political risk?
   a). Newly created international alliances.
   b). Rising nationalization.
   c). Competing religious groups.
   d). All of the above.
125. Which of the following is a Berlin-based organization that produces reports on corruption each year?

126. Which of the followings are the world’s least corrupt countries?
   a). India, Australia and China.
   b). New Zealand, Finland and Denmark.
   c). Japan, the US and Germany.
   d). The United States, Canada and the UK.

127. Ten new European countries joined the EU in:

128. Of the EU15, _____ share a common currency, the Euro.

129. Romania and Bulgaria joined the EU in:

130. Which of the following is not a founding member of the EU?

131. Which of the following is an example of a multinational corporation?
   a). Greenpeace    b). League of Nations
   c). McDonald's    d). NATO

132. Which of the following explains the 2003 U.S. invasion of Iraq from the domestic level of analysis?
   a). Saddam Hussein’s miscalculations
   b). U.S. military predominance
   c). The powerful neoconservative faction in the U.S.
   d). The fear of global terrorism

133. Which of the following is NOT an example of an Intergovernmental Organization (IGO)?
   a). OPEC    b). The World Trade Organization
   c). The United Nations    d). Amnesty International

134. The foreign policy adopted by the United States in the early years of the Cold War to stop the expansion of the Soviet Union was known as ______

135. The term "banana republic" refers to the relationship between poorer states and ______
   a). NGOs.    b). IGOs.
136. With increasing globalization, transnational concerns, such as ______________, have become more prominent.

137. Since the end of the Cold War, the rate of warfare has diminished in all but which of the following regions?
   a). The rate of warfare has decreased worldwide.
   b). Eastern Europe
   c). The Middle East
   d). Latin America

138. Which 1992 treaty renamed the European Economic Community as the European Union?

139. Peacekeeping forces are discussed in which part of the UN Charter?
   a). They are not discussed
   b). Chapter 5
   c). Chapter 6
   d). Chapter 9
   e). Chapter 13

140. One of the two largest peacekeeping missions in 2010 was in ............
   a). Iraq
   b). Congo
   c). Somalia
   d). Rwanda

141. Which of the following states is not a permanent member of the UN Security Council?
   a). Britain
   b). USA
   c). China
   d). Germany

142. There are exactly ......full voting members in the UN General Assembly
   a). 180
   b). 190
   c). 192
   d). 188

143. The only important ‘non-member’ of the UN is ............
   a). Cuba
   b). Germany
   c). Taiwan
   d). Vietnam

144. Authority for UN peacekeeping mission is granted by the ..... 
   a). Security Council
   b). Secretary General
   c). Economic and Social Council
   d). Trusteeship Council

145. Until recently the largest oil-exporting country in the world was ______
   a). Norway
   b). Saudi Arabia
   c). Venezuela
   d). Great Britain

146. In which region is water scarcity a particular problem?
   a). Middle East
   b). East Asia
   c). Sub-Saharan Africa
   d). West Africa

147. Which 1997 treaty adopted a complex formula for reducing greenhouse emissions to 1990 levels in the global north?
   a). Framework Convention on Climate Change
   b). UNCLOS III
   c). Montreal Protocol
d). Kyoto Protocol

148. Which one of these countries has been the most reluctant to agree to reductions in its greenhouse gas emissions?
   a). Great Britain   b). Russia   c). USA   d). France

149. Most people infected with HIV are in ______

150. Air and water pollution are typically -------- problems.

151. The competition between two or more states for real or apparent military supremacy is ___
   a) cold war   b) arms race   c) detente   d) polarisation

152. Which one of the following is not correct in respect of China?
   a. communist party of China is organized on the basis of democratic centralism
   b. Chinese constitution provides for a uniform judicial system
   c. Mao’s idea of democracy is put into force
   d. the Chinese constitution provides for a bicameral legislature

153. The international criminal court is located in ______

154. Which one of the following is not a peasant movement?
   a. Telengana insurrection   b. Tebhaga movement
   c. Naxalbari movement   d. Chipko movement

155. Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of states?

156. Begum Khaleda Zia belongs to which of the political parties?
   a. Muslim League   b. Awami league
   c. Jatiya party   d. Bangladesh nationalist party

157. Tehreek-e-Insaf is the political party founded by ______
   a. Vasim Akram   b. Imran Khan
   c. Benasir Bhooto   d. Parvez Musharaf

158. Birsa Munda is associated with the tribal struggle in ______
   a. north-east region   b. Jharkhand
   c. Nagar division   d. Deccan

159. The communist manifesto was first published in ______
   a. Russian   b. French   c. German   d. English
160. The Russian president at the time of Berlin Crisis ______

161. The U-2 incident took place during ______
   a. Cold war    b. First World War
c. Second World War    d. Arab Israel war

162. Who was the US president at the time of U-2 incident?

163. The year of U-2 incident

164. Among the following which was not a signatory in CTBT?
   a. India    b. North Korea   c. Pakistan   d. All of the above.

165. In which year the CTBT was opened for signature

166. Which of these core principles provides incentives for mutual cooperation?
   d). Reciprocity

167. National Security Intelligence is the intelligence agency of

168. Nepal Guptachar Bhibag is its
   a. Legislature    b. Intelligence agency
c. Political party    d. Secretariat

169. Among the following which is the external intelligence agency of India?
   a. Research and analysis wing    b. Aviation research center
c. Intelligence Bureau    d. Both a &b

170. Among the following which is the intelligence agency of Pakistan?
   a. Research and analysis wing    b.ISI
c. FIA d. ISA

171. Federal Bureau of Investigation is the intelligence agency of ______
   a.US    b. Chaina   c. Italy    d. France

172. Potsdam conference is related to ______
   a. Korean Issue    b. German issue    c. Arabspring    d.1st world war

173. Berlin wall was a barrier constructed by _____
   a. West Germany    b. German Democratic Republic
c. Russia    d. US
174. The demolition of Berlin wall was in the year of __________
   a. 1991  
   b. 1990  
   c. 1989  
   d. 1956

175. In Diego gartia which world power has naval base?
   a. UK  
   b. US  
   c. Pakistan  
   d. Germany

176. Black July was an issue related to ______
   a. Korean war  
   b. ethnic crisis in Sri Lanka  
   c. cold war  
   d. second world war

177. The LTTE leader who killed in 2009 was _______
   a. Thanabalasingam  
   b. Satiyaseelan  
   c. Veluppilla Prabhakaran  
   d. Selvaraj Yogachandran

178. The LTTE was founded in the year of ______
   a. 1976  
   b. 1974  
   c. 1986  
   d. 1979

179. Operation Pawan is conducted by _______
   a. India  
   b. Sri Lanka  
   c. Pakistan  
   d. Nepal

180. Operation Viraat was against ______
   a. Sri Lanka  
   b. LTTE  
   c. Naxalbary movement  
   d. Gujjar riot

181. Indo-Srilanka peace accord was signed in the year of 1987 by Rajiv Gandhi and ____
   a. Jayavardhane  
   b. Chandrika Kumarathunge  
   c. Sirimavo Bandharanayake  
   d. Rajapakse

182. Rajiv Gandhi was assassinated in the year ______
   a. 1990  
   b. 1991  
   c. 1994  
   d. 1984

183. Head quarters of ASEAN ______
   a. Jakarta  
   b. Kathmandu  
   c. Singapore  
   d. Malesia

184. ASEAN was founded in the year ______
   a. 1967  
   b. 1987  
   c. 1966  
   d. 1977

185. ASEAN members were ____ in number
   a. 10  
   b. 12  
   c. 5  
   d. 8

186. ASEAN plus three includes ______
   a. Vietnam  
   b. Thailand  
   c. China  
   d. Singapore

187. Which day is celebrated as Malala Day?
   a. November 10  
   b. November 17  
   c. August 10  
   d. November 20

188. The youngest nominee for the Nobel peace prize history ______
   a. Malala Yousafzai  
   b. Barak Obama  
   c. Bilaval Ali  
   d. Kim Jong Un
189. South Asian University is sponsored by ______
   a. ASEAN  b. SAARC  c. ADB  d. UNO

190. Which neighbor country of India is not a member of SAARC?

191. Which is the official language of SAARC?

192. Present president of Russia
   a. Dimthri Medvedev  b. Boris Yeltsin
   c. Vladimir Putin  d. Joseph Stalin

193. The systematic use of terror, often violent especially as a means of coercion is ____
   a. war  b. terrorism  c. torturing  d. blackmailing

194. The founder of constitution party in Egypt is ______
   a. Hosni mubarak  b. Muhammed mursi
   c. Muhammed Elbaradei  d. Khalid Ali

195. The widening, deepening and speeding up of world wide inter connections in all respects of contemporary social life is ______
   a. Privatisation  b. Liberalisation  c. Standardisation  d. Globalisation

196. 'It has been said that arguing, against globalization is like arguing against the laws of gravity’ – the words by _____
   a. Barak Obama  b. Ban ki moon
   c. Kofi Annan  d. Jimmy Karter

197. Among the following which is not a feature of Globalization?
   a. economic processes  b. development strategy
   c. domestic reforms  d. none of the above

198. Silent spring is a book written by ______
   a. Rachel Carson  b. Paul Byrne
   c. Paul R Ehlrich  d. Steve Cake

199. The Cold War’ is a book written by ______
   a. George Orwell  b. Walter Lippman
   c. Bernard Baruch  d. Khrushchev

200. Among the following which word has the meaning that ‘liberalizing society, with open discussion of social economic and political issues?’
   a. Liberalization  b. Glasnost  c. Perestroika  d. Democratization
# ANSWER KEYS

<p>| | | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.b</td>
<td>2.d</td>
<td>3.b</td>
<td>4.c</td>
<td>5.a</td>
<td>6.b</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.b</td>
<td>8.c</td>
<td>9.b</td>
<td>10.c</td>
<td>11.d</td>
<td>12.b</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.b</td>
<td>14.a</td>
<td>15.a</td>
<td>16.a</td>
<td>17.c</td>
<td>18.c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.a</td>
<td>20.c</td>
<td>21.b</td>
<td>22.a</td>
<td>23.d</td>
<td>24.b</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25.a</td>
<td>26.b</td>
<td>27.b</td>
<td>28.a</td>
<td>29.a</td>
<td>30.b</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31.c</td>
<td>32.b</td>
<td>33.b</td>
<td>34.c</td>
<td>35.b</td>
<td>36.a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37.c</td>
<td>38.a</td>
<td>39.a</td>
<td>40.c</td>
<td>41.a</td>
<td>42.a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43.c</td>
<td>44.c</td>
<td>45.b</td>
<td>46.a</td>
<td>47.a</td>
<td>48.c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49.a</td>
<td>50.a</td>
<td>51.a</td>
<td>52.c</td>
<td>53.c</td>
<td>54.d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55.c</td>
<td>56.a</td>
<td>57.c</td>
<td>58.b</td>
<td>59.b</td>
<td>60.c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61.b</td>
<td>62.c</td>
<td>63.a</td>
<td>64.a</td>
<td>65.c</td>
<td>66.a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67.b</td>
<td>68.a</td>
<td>69.b</td>
<td>70.b</td>
<td>71.c</td>
<td>72.a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73.b</td>
<td>74.d</td>
<td>75.b</td>
<td>76.b</td>
<td>77.b</td>
<td>78.d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79.d</td>
<td>80.b</td>
<td>81.a</td>
<td>82.c</td>
<td>83.d</td>
<td>84.c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85.c</td>
<td>86.c</td>
<td>87.b</td>
<td>88.a</td>
<td>89.b</td>
<td>90.d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91.b</td>
<td>92.b</td>
<td>93.d</td>
<td>94.b</td>
<td>95.a</td>
<td>96.a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97.b</td>
<td>98.c</td>
<td>99.c</td>
<td>100.b</td>
<td>101.d</td>
<td>102.a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>103.d</td>
<td>104.d</td>
<td>105.a</td>
<td>106.d</td>
<td>107.b</td>
<td>108.c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>109.d</td>
<td>110.d</td>
<td>111.d</td>
<td>112.d</td>
<td>113.a</td>
<td>114.d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>115.c</td>
<td>116.d</td>
<td>117.a</td>
<td>118.c</td>
<td>119.b</td>
<td>120.d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>121.b</td>
<td>122.a</td>
<td>123.b</td>
<td>124.d</td>
<td>125.c</td>
<td>126.b</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>127.a</td>
<td>128.c</td>
<td>129.c</td>
<td>130.c</td>
<td>131.c</td>
<td>132.c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>133.d</td>
<td>134.d</td>
<td>135.c</td>
<td>136.a</td>
<td>137.a</td>
<td>138.d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>139.a</td>
<td>140.b</td>
<td>141.d</td>
<td>142.c</td>
<td>143.c</td>
<td>144.a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>145.b</td>
<td>146.a</td>
<td>147.d</td>
<td>148.c</td>
<td>149.d</td>
<td>150.c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>